Pulsonix Pulsonix Vault Users Guide

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Contents

CONTENTS	3
CHAPTER 1 - PULSONIX VAULT	5
What is the Vault?	
Do I need to use the Vault?	
Licensing	
System Requirements	6
Deployment Planning	
CHAPTER 2 – INSTALLING THE VAULT	7
Downloading the Vault Admin Setup Program	7
Installing the database server	
Vault Server Setup Application	8
Choose the Vault to use	
Installing the PostgreSQL Server (Step 1.)	10
Creating the Vault Database (Step 2.)	
Data Folder Requirements (Step 3.)	
Installing the client side (Step 4.)	
Updating the Vault and Drivers from Previous Versions	
Underlying Vault Technology Changes	
Updated ODBC Driver	16
Updated Vault Postgres Server to V14.5	
Existing Pulsonix Vault Users	
Vault Database Update	
CHAPTER 3 – USING THE VAULT	
Key Concepts of the Vault	
What can be stored in the Vault?	
What is an 'item'?	
Other Vault item properties	
Cross References	
Managing and updating Vault items	22
Preparing your Vault for first use	
Testing Connection to Vault	
ODBC Driver Installation and Troubleshooting	
Troubleshooting	
Users and Groups	25
Groups and Permissions	
Users	
Primary and Alternate Sign-in	
Recovering lost passwords.	
Revision Naming	
Adding or changing Revision Naming Schemes	
Auding of changing Revision Naming Sciences Attributes	
How to set up Attributes	
Options	
Database Settings	
Personal Settings	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

4 Contents

Colours	31
Folders	32
Folder Names.	32
Creating and renaming folders	33
Moving folders	33
Migrating Library Data into the Vault	34
Before you start	
Item Names	35
Using the 'Libraries to Vault' dialog	35
Using both Libraries and Vault	36
Shared master libraries	36
Migrating Design Data into the Vault	37
Before you start	37
Understanding and managing your Vault contents	38
The Vault Manager dialog	
Browser Page	38
Search	39
Audit Trail	40
Reports	40
Deleting items from the Vault	
Using Vault-based data in your application	40
Library Search Order	
Parts, Footprints and other library items	41
Technology and Profile files	43
Schematic Blocks	43
PCB items for Panels	43
Reloading data and updating references	44
Part references to footprints, symbols and associated parts	44
Design references to library items	44
Vault Admin Tools	45
Admin tools	45
Installation	
Vault Admin application	46
VAdmin command-line program	48
Vault and Database Connection (PDC) option	49

Chapter 1 - Pulsonix Vault

What is the Vault?

Pulsonix Vault is a data management system that can help you organise and manage your Pulsonix data in a safe and secure way.

In its simplest form it could be viewed as a 'managed library', holding Parts, Footprints and other data in the same way as your existing Pulsonix libraries. However, it is much more than that, as it can hold design files and manufacturing files such as Gerber, ODB++, as well as library data. It controls how they are updated and who can update them, understands the relationships between items, and maintains a revision history of each item. Pulsonix Vault can help you organise, manage and track the creation and modification of your important Pulsonix data, at the same time making that data available where it is needed across your organisation.

The Pulsonix Vault consists of two main elements, a server and a client(s) (the end user). Additional elements are used to assist with tasks such as installation, configuration and backup.

Do I need to use the Vault?

You do not have to use the Vault. If for example, you wish to use native Pulsonix libraries for your Part and other library data, and the normal Windows file store for your design files, then that is fine. There is even a single check box on the **Options** dialog that will hide away or turn off the Vault features and commands in the Pulsonix user interface.

You may also decide not to use the Vault because your company already has a data or document management system in place. There is probably no point confusing the issue by trying to use two different systems to manage your Pulsonix data. If you are unsure about this, we can advise you.

However, even for a single user who does not share their Pulsonix data with anyone else, the Vault offers data management facilities that should help you maintain your library and design data over time.

Licensing

The Pulsonix Vault is a licensed item, it will require this license feature to be available to run, this would have been supplied to you with your Pulsonix license.

If you are unsure whether you have it or not, either run the **Pulsonix License Manager** and check the list of contents where you'll see it listed as an option. If it isn't available and you need it, contact your local sales office.

System Requirements

The Vault uses an industry-standard **Postgres** database to store its information. This database will run on any Windows system that is supported for use with the main Pulsonix application, although you should consider the information under 'Deployment Planning' below before deciding where to install the server.

Connection to the database from the Pulsonix 'client' application is via an ODBC connection, using a driver that will be installed by the Pulsonix setup program if it is not already there on your system.

To store the actual data files in the Vault, access to a shared network folder is required. This needs to be a folder that is accessible with both read and write permission directly over your Windows network.

Deployment Planning

Before installing the Vault database server, there are several things you should consider to ensure you achieve an optimal experience when using the Vault.

The Postgres database used for the Vault server has a long history of reliable operation across a wide range of platforms, so the choice is more about the ability of the selected Windows platform to service the demands of the database server and the clients who wish to use it.

If you expect to have a small number of connected clients, making occasional demands on the Vault to provide data, then it is feasible to install the server on a 'workstation' edition of Windows, provided you can satisfy the requirements of folder sharing for the Data Files (see below).

If instead you are contemplating large numbers of connected clients making heavy use of the Vault data, or checking many files in and out, then it is wise to consider installing on a Server edition of Windows such as Server 2012.

Similarly, the underlying hardware choice largely depends on how heavy you expect your demand to be. A server that is configured without sufficient memory to cope with the load can cause the response of the Vault operation to be degraded.

Network speed should not be a significant factor, as it will not be any different from using a network server for file storage. Storing files – even large design files – via the Vault is no more time-consuming than saving them to a network folder via the normal File Save commands. However, if you have been used to storing all your files locally and are now moving to a server-based Vault configuration, it is quite possible that you may see some increase in file read and save times due to network latency or bandwidth issues.

Chapter 2 – Installing the Vault

Downloading the Vault Admin Setup Program

Download the VaultAdminSetup program from the Pulsonix web site. You will need to use your user login and account to access this location.

The Vault Admin installation is a separate download from the main Pulsonix product. This is a selfcontained file containing everything required to create your Vault and administer it.

There are two main components to the installation:

The first is the database server, which is installed using its own Vault Server Setup installer program. This program contains several elements that are used to **install and launch the Postgres** database server, and to **prepare the Vault database** for first use.

The second component is the **ODBC driver** that is needed on each 'client' computer to allow the Pulsonix application to connect to the Postgres database. This is installed automatically during the main Pulsonix installation.

Installing the database server

Installing the server tools

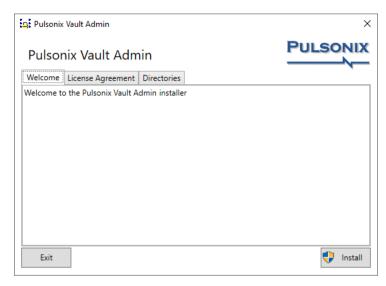
The first stage is to run the installer that loads your computer with the tools needed to install the Vault database and prepare the system for use, as well as admin tools for managing your Vault. This installer will load onto your computer everything required to create your Vault.

Running the install

Once downloaded, double-click on the VaultAdminSetupInstall.exe program. The installation wizard will let you load all the Vault tools onto your computer.

You should run this installer on the server on which you are going to install and run the database. This could be a server machine or a local machine. You may also wish to install it on a different computer if you are going to carry out management activities such as backups from another machine, although due to the amount of data that needs to be copied out of the Vault data area for a backup, it is recommended that this activity is actually run directly on the server itself.

Launch the setup program and follow the steps to install the tools onto your computer. There are only a few steps but this will install other setup and admin tools required.



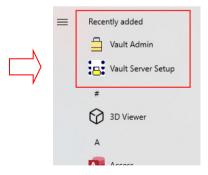
On the **License Agreement** page, you must select the **Accept License Agreement** check box in order to proceed.

The **Directories** folder enables you to choose the folder that you wish to install the Vault server into.

Use the Install button to start the installation process.

Vault Server Setup Application

To begin this process, find and run the **Vault Server Setup** program. This can be found on your **Windows Start** menu under **Recently added** or under **Pulsonix** as an entry called **Vault Server Setup**.



Having installed the setup and admin tools, the next stage of actually preparing your system to run the Vault is to install and prepare the database server. This is a three part process and is labelled 1, 2, and 3 on the dialog:

- 1. **Install the PostgreSQL Server** this is the installation of the database that contains the Vault.
- 2. **Create Vault Database** you must create a vault database to use with Pulsonix.
- 3. **Choose Data Folder** you must choose where Pulsonix will store Vault data.

Choose the Vault to use

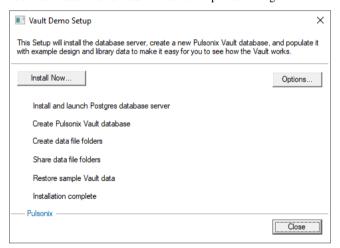
The **Vault Server Setup** dialog initially presents you with two options:



Chose between setting up a **Demo Vault**; this is a reduced, but pre-populated database, for use in evaluating the software, or the full Install Vault Server option. This is the option you need to select as this will install an empty database to use with Pulsonix. You will populate the database with your own libraries and designs.

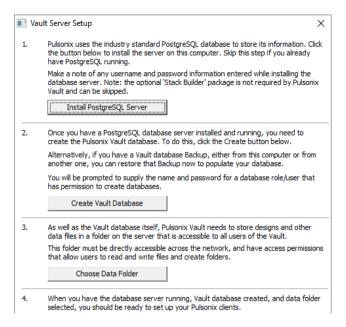
Demo Vault

If you choose to **Install Demo Vault** it uses a simplified dialog:



Full Vault Server

If you choose Install Vault Server option, this displays a dialog to help you through the three stages of setting up your Vault server. This dialog is a self-explanatory to guide you through the installation steps. All three steps must be undertaken for using the Vault.

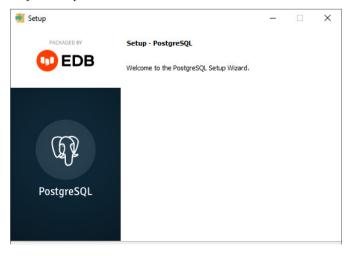


Installing the PostgreSQL Server (Step 1.)

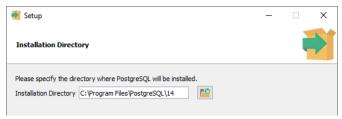
The first step for most installations will be to install the database server itself. Clicking this button will invoke the Setup program for Postgres, which has a number of steps that you need to follow.



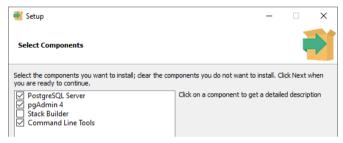
The first is just a simple welcome screen, click Next on each screen to move on:



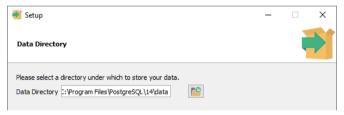
You are advised of the default **Installation Directory** for the Postgres program:



The **Select Components** page allows you to choose what to install. You can deselect the package called **Stack Builder**, this is not required by Pulsonix Vault so it does not need to be installed.



Choose the **Data Directory** under where Postgres stores its databases. Leave this as the default:



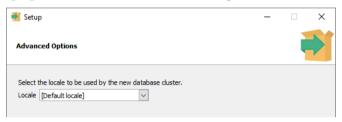
Next, you need to enter the Password to use for the main Postgres administrator role. You should note this password down as you will need it later on:



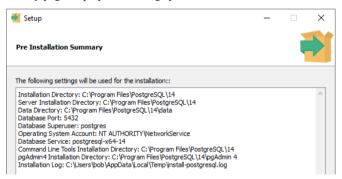
The **Port** number is used for the client-server communication. The default for this is 5432, which you should not need to change unless it clashes with some other software you have running on your network:



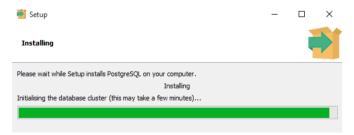
The Language Locale can be left as the default setting:



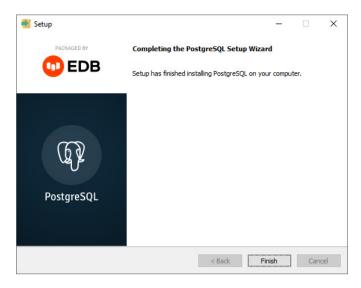
The **Summary** page displays the settings you have chosen:



The database server will now be installed, this takes a few minutes:



Click the **Finish** button to complete and exit the Postgres setup:



Using an existing Postgres server

As the Vault Setup dialog indicates, if you already have Postgres installed and running, then you may be able to use that to hold your Pulsonix Vault. All you should need is the relevant sign-in information to gain admin access to the server to create the database.

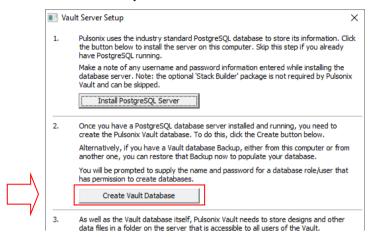
However, if you are using a version of Postgres that is significantly older than the one provided with the Vault Setup, you may encounter issues during installation of the database which could mean you need to consider upgrading your Postgres to the version bundled with our installer.

Access through Firewalls

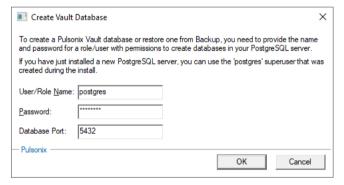
To connect Pulsonix clients to the Vault, network access to the Postgres server is required using the Database Port number you specify for your new Postgres server installation. The default port number for Postgres is 5432, although you may have chosen a different port when installing Postgres as described above. Exactly how you open that port in your firewall on both server and clients will depend on your version of Windows and which security software you are running.

Creating the Vault Database (Step 2.)

Step 2 is used to validate the Vault database details as per the Postgres server install from Step 1 above. This will be used by the Vault administrator for Vault admin.



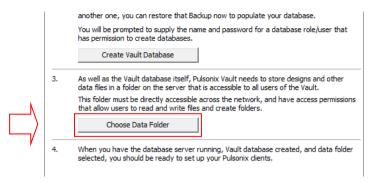
The dialog presents you with admin validation, these are ones created in the Postgres installer:



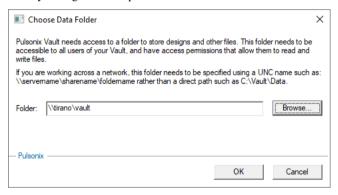
Data Folder Requirements (Step 3.)

The data files in the Vault are not contained within the Postgres database itself, but are instead saved in a controlled folder structure that is then accessed directly through the Vault modules in the Pulsonix client applications.

In order to do this, the folder you choose must be directly accessible from all the client systems on which you wish to use Pulsonix with the Vault. Step 3 is used for this process:



This will generally mean that you have to make this folder accessible as a shared network folder with read/write access permission granted to all your users who are going to use the Vault. This is likely to be your server location used for Pulsonix data and one that you back up. Ensure your Vault database is included in your regular backups.

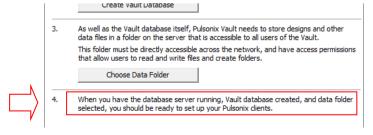


In normal operation this folder structure is not directly accessed via the Pulsonix user interface. Indeed, no attempt should be made to use or alter files within this folder structure as doing so would risk seriously damaging the integrity of your Vault, and one you (or us) may not be able to recover from!

Installing the client side (Step 4.)

Step 3 concludes the Vault installation on your server.

Step 4 is listed on the **Vault Server Setup** dialog to indicate the next steps.



The Pulsonix clients will be the end user(s) who need to access the Vault from in Pulsonix. Once the Vault Server Setup dialog is closed using the OK button, run the Pulsonix application and move onto the next section in the User Guide, *Using The Vault*, in Chapter 3.

Updating the Vault and Drivers from Previous Versions

Underlying Vault Technology Changes

Below are the current version for the core technologies used in the Vault:

ODBC Driver V13.0

PostgreSQL server V14.5

Pulsonix Vault database V14.0

In order to successfully run the Pulsonix V14.0 Vault, all three technologies should be up-to-date.

Updated ODBC Driver

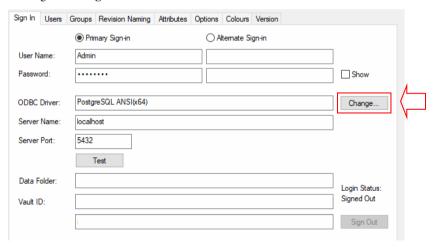
The ODBC driver V13.0 will be automatically installed during the main Pulsonix product installation. The driver is required on the Pulsonix client side. This new driver is required in order to support the Postgres server V14.5.

If, for some reason, the automatic install has not been successful, the driver installer will be available in the Vault Admin install folder, normally at C:\Program Files\Pulsonix Vault Admin 14.0. The file is named **psqlodbc x64.msi** and should be run under your system administration permissions.

Updating the Vault ODBC Drivers

If you run the V14.0 Vault and the old ODBC driver is used (if you have used a previous copy of the Vault), this can be changed from with the **Vault Setup** dialog.

From the **Vault Setup** dialog, **Sign In** page, change the ODBC driver used to connect to the **Vault Database** using the **Change** button.



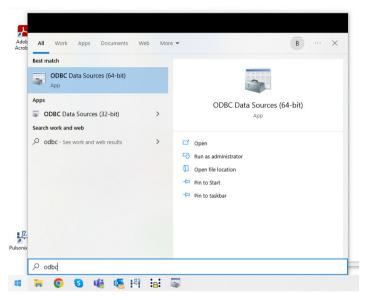
The **Change** button will open the **Change ODBC** driver dialog. From here you can select a Postgres ODBC driver from a list of currently installed drivers on your computer. Otherwise, you can press the **Default** button to select the default Vault ODBC driver.

Also, when testing a connection, Pulsonix will attempt to use the driver you've specified, if it fails, it will automatically attempt to find and use an alternative driver. If one is found, you will be prompted that their selection does not work but this found working driver will be used.

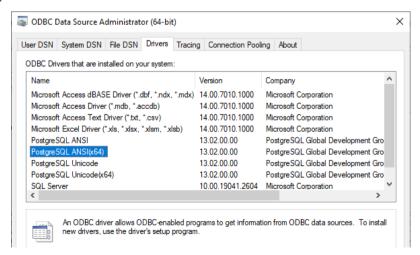
Checking the ODBC Drivers

You can also check the status of the ODBC drivers using the Windows ODBC Driver dialog.

To access this, from the Windows Start menu, type in ODBC. Select the ODBC Data Sources (64bit) application:



From the dialog presented, choose the **Drivers** page. You will see the **PostgreSQL ANSI(x64)** driver listed.



If, for some reason, this hasn't worked or been successful, the driver installer will be available in the Vault Admin setup. You can locate this under the C:\Program Files\Pulsonix Vault Admin 14.0 folder. The file is named **psqlodbc_x64.msi** and should be run under your system administration permissions.

Updated Vault Postgres Server to V14.5

The Pulsonix Vault uses Postgres server version 14.5. This program will be installed when you run the **Vault Server Setup** program supplied for Pulsonix V14.0.

Existing Pulsonix Vault Users

Backup the Vault Database

If you have already been using the Vault with PostgreSQL V9.5 (x86), you should still run the Pulsonix **Vault Server Setup** program to install the 64-bit V14.5 Postgres server alongside the V9.5 version. Prior to doing this, the existing Pulsonix **Vault Admin** program should be run, as described below in the *Backup your existing Database* section, to create a backup of the Pulsonix Vault.

Update the Port Number

During the **PostgreSQL Setup**, started by **Vault Server Setup**, the Port number to be used for PostgreSQL V14.5 will be automatically incremented from the one used for the previous PostgreSQL V9.5 (e.g. 5432 to 5433). This different Port number will allow Pulsonix to distinguish between the two versions of PostgreSQL.

Optionally remove the old Postgres Version

If so desired, the old PostgreSQL V9.5 (x86) may be removed once the new PostgreSQL V14.5 is successfully set up and running the current Pulsonix Vault. Please note that this incremented port number will now be the permanent Postgres port in-use by the Vault.

Create the new Vault Database and Restore the old one

The **Vault Server Setup** step 2. **Create Vault Database** should be performed to create the Pulsonix environment in the new PostgreSQL V14.5 server remembering to set the Port number to the incremented V14.5 value. The new empty Vault database created now needs to be replaced with the Vault Backup by running the **Vault Admin** program installed with Pulsonix. This is described below in the *Restoring the Database* section.

Pulsonix should now be launched and the **Vault Setup** dialog opened.

On the **Sign In** page the **Server Port** should be changed to the incremented V14.5 value and the **Test** button clicked. If successful, the **Ok** button should be clicked to save the modified Port number.

The Vault Database Update procedure described below should now be performed.

Vault Database Update

An updated Vault is used for Pulsonix V14.0 to support the new functionality.

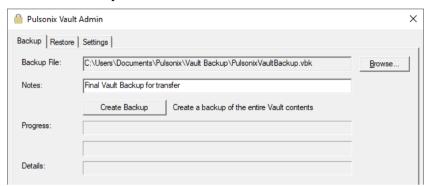
For new users to the Vault, all the latest Vault features and permissions will be included in the newly installed Vault database.

Existing Vault users need to update the Vault database version to support Pulsonix 14.0 functionality, by following the steps below.

Backup your existing Database

You should first run the **Backup** tool in the existing **Vault Admin** program.

Use the Vault Admin Backup tool to do this:

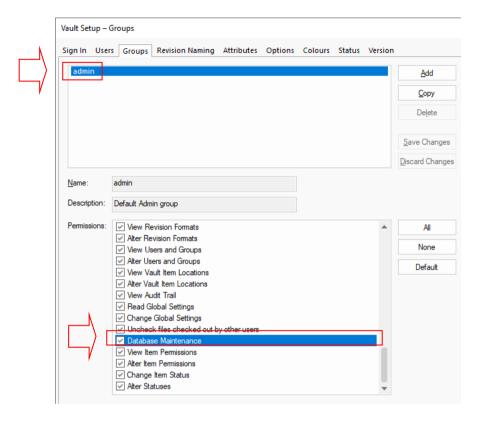


Admin Permissions

To update the Vault version, the person who is administering the update must have **Database** Maintenance permissions.

From within the main Pulsonix application, on Vault Setup, the Admin permission under Groups must have **Database Maintenance** permissions set.

If you are not updating from an existing Vault, the Admin group will already contain the required Database Maintenance permission. Otherwise, you will need to create a new group and user, or using an existing **non-admin** group and user, update the permissions of that group to contain Database Maintenance. Once the update has been complete, the existing Admin group will be automatically updated with the **Database Maintenance** permission.



Updating the Database

Using the **Vault Server Setup**, you should have previously installed the **Postgres** server (using Step 1. on the dialog) so that Version 14.x is available.

During the **Vault Server Setup**, you should have previously installed and created a new Vault database (using Step 2.). Existing Pulsonix Vault users should have previously transferred the Vault database to PostgreSQL V14.x.

The main Pulsonix product should be installed on the client machine. This will have also updated the ODBC driver to V13.0.

For existing Vault users, you will need to follow the steps described in the *Admin Permissions* section and the *Updating the Version* section.

Updating the Vault Database to the Latest Version

When logged in as a user with the **Database Maintenance** permission, you will now see the **Versions** tab in the **Vault Setup** dialog.

When a Vault format update is available, the **Update** button will be enabled. You will also get the update notification every time you launch the **Vault Manager** dialog. This notification can be turned off in the **Warnings** page within **Options** under **Prompt Vault Database Updates**.

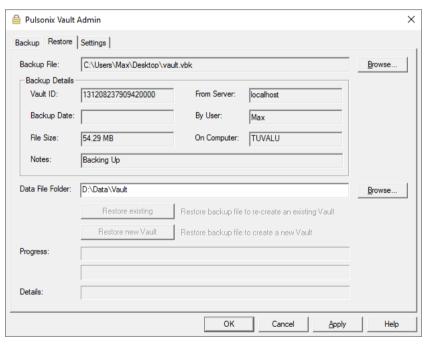


Again, before updating, we highly recommend that you perform a full Vault backup from the Vault Admin application. When ready, you can proceed by clicking on the Update button which will handle the updating process.

Confirmation will be shown that this has been successful. The updated Vault is now ready to use.

Restoring the Database

When the Pulsonix **Vault Admin** program is first run, it will still show the **Settings** from Pulsonix. These will need to be changed so the backup is restored for the latest Pulsonix instead of the previous version. The Port number will need to be changed to the incremented V14.5 value mentioned earlier, and the Postgres Folder will need modifying to use the newly installed 64-bit PostgreSQL V14.5, normally, from C:\Program Files (X86)\PostgreSQL\9.5\bin to C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\14\bin. On the Vault Admin - Restore tab, the Pulsonix backup should then be loaded and the Restore existing option used to restore the Vault database into PostgreSQL V14.5 ready to be used in Pulsonix.



Chapter 3 – Using the Vault

Key Concepts of the Vault

What can be stored in the Vault?

The Vault can hold the following types of 'library' data: Parts, Footprints, Schematic Symbols, and Schematic and PCB Doc Symbols.

It can also hold the following types of file-based data: Schematic and PCB Designs, Schematic and PCB Technology Files, Schematic and PCB Profiles, Schematic Block Files and PCB Panels.

The Vault is designed to provide you with a secure environment for managing your 'published' data. You may still use locally-stored design files and native libraries for developing data, and release your completed items to the Vault when you are ready to do so.

What is an 'item'?

Each item that is placed into the Vault is given a unique item identifier, or "IID". Each time that item is saved to the Vault, a new version of the item is created, with this latest version having a new version timestamp or "Version". This is distinct from the "Revision", which is the name given to this version as defined in your Revision Naming Scheme. In this way, the Vault contains a full history of all revisions of an item.

The IID combined with the Version uniquely identifies a specific version of an item. In this way a Part for example can know which exact version of a Footprint it is to use. Not just any version of the Footprint, only the specific version that is indicated by the IID and Version listed in the information held along with the Footprint name inside the Part.

Other Vault item properties

In addition to each item having its own Item ID, every Vault installation has its own Vault ID. This allows the application to clearly identify an item as belonging to the current Vault. This means you cannot share items across separate Vaults, because there is no safe way of ensuring the uniqueness of the item ID of items created in different Vaults. You can still take an item from one Vault and check it into your own Vault as a new item, at which point it will be assigned a new item ID.

Cross References

Depending on the settings you use when publishing your data to the Vault, the application will maintain cross-references between related items, allowing rapid access to information such as 'Where Used' without having to resort to time-consuming compilation of reports.

Managing and updating Vault items

There are four basic actions which you can use to manage your Vault items. Your Permissions will control which of these actions are available to you for the various types of item in the Vault.

Check Out

Check Out will "book out" an item from the Vault for you to make changes. This action will be recorded in the Audit Trail, and the item will be marked as checked-out by you to prevent other users

from making changes to it at the same time. They will still be able to access the item, for example for a Part they will still be able to use that Part in one of their designs, but they will not be able to check it out to alter it until you have finished with it.

Check In

After modifying an item, Check In will "book it in" to the Vault to commit your changes. Another record is placed in the Audit Trail, the item you are checking in is given a new revision, the 'lock' on it is released, and the newly modified item is available for others to use.

You can also Check In an item that is not yet in the Vault, including newly-created items such as Parts and Footprints.

Uncheck

If you have used Check Out to book out an item to change it and then change your mind, you can use Uncheck to release your hold on that item.

Copy Out

If you need to use an item for something without actually changing it, then Copy Out can be used to pull a copy of the item to be stored locally. You might want to use this for example to open a PCB design to generate manufacturing data or run reports, actions that don't actually change the design in a way that you want to record.

Preparing your Vault for first use

Before using the Vault, there are some steps you should go through to make sure everything is set up how you need it to work. This includes creation of login details if you are sharing the Vault with other Pulsonix users, initial settings that control how items need to refer to each other, and so on.

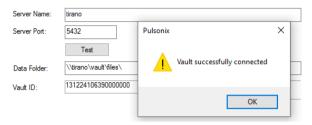
Testing Connection to Vault

Launch the Pulsonix application, and from the **Setup** menu, choose **Vault**. On the Sign In page, enter the built-in user name admin and the password "password". This is a predefined user that is created when the Vault database is installed.

You will also need to enter the name of the server on which the Postgres database server is running, and alter the port number if you are not using the default setting.

Vault Setup – Sign	In		
Sign In Revision	Naming Colours		
	Primary Sign-in	Alternate Sign-in	
User Name:	admin		
Password:			Show
ODDC D	D-+COL ANCIGGA		O1
ODBC Driver:	PostgreSQL ANSI(x64)		Change
Server Name:	localhost		
Server Port:	5432		
	Test		
Data Folder:			Login Status:
Vault ID:			Signed Out

Now click the **Test** button to verify your connection to the Vault. This will connect via ODBC to the database server, and check that the Vault database exists and contains valid data. If successful, the Data Folder field on the dialog will be updated to show the full path to where the Vault data files are stored, as confirmation that all is well.



Once you have successfully connected, you should change the default password to something more secure. See *Users and Groups* below for more information about managing Users and Groups.

ODBC Driver Installation and Troubleshooting

Each client computer using Pulsonix requires a Postgres ODBC driver to enable the application to connect to the Postgres database. The setup process for this driver is run **automatically** as part of a normal Pulsonix installation, so you should not need to do anything extra from the client side to enable connection to the Vault.

If you click **Test** and get error messages about being unable to connect to the database, or a popup dialog about selecting a **Data Source**, then it is possible that either you don't have a Postgres ODBC driver installed, or that the version of that driver requires a different connection setup to the ones that the Pulsonix application knows about.

If the installation has been successful move onto the next chapter for using the Vault.

If it has not connected, see below under Troubleshooting.

Alternate ODBC Drivers

The drivers Pulsonix knows about are:

- PostgreSQL ANSI
- PostgreSQL ODBC Driver(ANSI)

If you are using a driver that has a slightly different name, you will need to use that name in the ODBC Driver field of the Vault Setup dialog.

Troubleshooting

Adding a missing ODBC driver

If for any reason your system does not have the ODBC driver even after the full Pulsonix setup has been run, then you can install the driver separately. If you look in the folder where you have already installed the Pulsonix Vault (C:\Program Files\Pulsonix Vault Admin 12.5), there will be a **psqlodbc_x64.msi** installation package. Launch that installation package and it will update your system to include the ODBC driver.

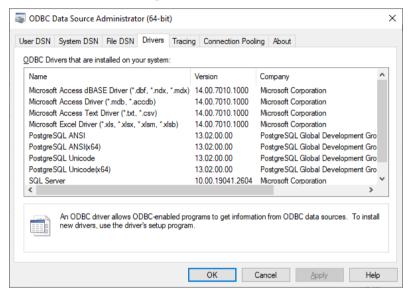
Checking ODBC drivers and versions

If you want to check which ODBC drivers are present on your computer, the easiest way is to type **ODBC** from the **Windows Start** menu (press the **Windows** key then just type ODBC and select ODBC Data Sources (64-bit). You can also launch Control Panel, then search for ODBC.

Alternatively, press the **Windows** key and **R** to open the **Run** dialog, and enter:

%WINDIR%\system32\odbcad64.exe

Once you have the ODBC Data Source Administrator dialog running, select the **Drivers** tab and you can scroll down to the entries for **PostgreSOL**:



You may see a slightly different version of the exact Postgres driver that is installed but the major version will be correct.

Note: if you see a different Postgres driver name, perhaps for an earlier version of Postgres, then this may still work with the Vault but you may have additional settings to enter when you come to connect your Pulsonix clients to the Vault (see Alternate ODBC Drivers above).

Users and Groups

Each Vault user will need their own Vault sign-in account set up. These are completely separate from both Windows user accounts and Postgres users or roles, and are only used to manage access to the facilities of the Vault.

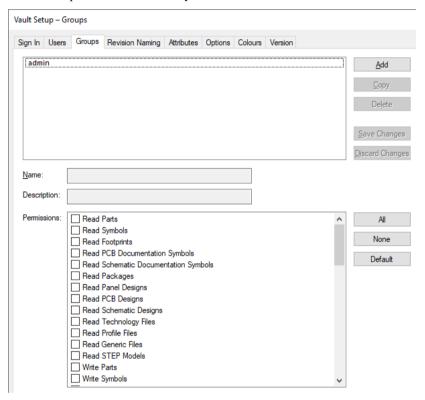
Although in theory you can share one Vault sign-in across multiple Pulsonix users, this is not recommended as it is the Vault user information that is used to record actions such as checking items out and back in. If you have multiple Pulsonix users sharing one Vault sign-in, you won't be able to tell which user has actually carried out those actions.

Care should be taken when deciding who is able to carry out some of the administrative operations, so that the security and integrity of your system is assured. For example, any User belonging to a Group with permission to 'Alter users and groups' can replace the password of any User in the system, so this level of permission should clearly not be available to everyone.

Groups and Permissions

Creating new Groups and editing existing ones

Groups are managed using the Groups page on the Vault Setup dialog. Here you can see the Groups already defined, see the permissions for each of those Groups, and make changes. Note that you cannot delete a Group once it is referenced by a User.



Default 'Admin' Group

There is a default Group already defined called "Admin", which you cannot delete or rename. This is a safety measure to ensure that you will always have at least one Group defined that has administrator rights to carry out Vault actions. You can use this Group for your 'power' users, or create your own.

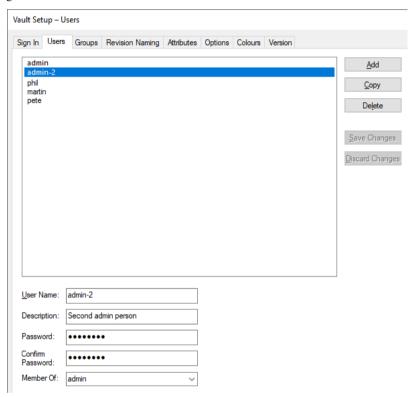
Setting permissions

Setting permissions for a Group simply involves checking or unchecking the relevant check-boxes in the list. Depending on who in your organization needs to access the Vault data, you may need to distinguish between those with permission to manipulate all of the data and those who are only allowed to view or read it, or perhaps only access certain types of item.

Users

Creating new Users and editing existing ones

Each Vault User belongs to a Group. Once you have your Groups set up, you can create your Users. Note that you cannot delete a User once that user has been referenced by a Vault action such as checking out an item.



Default 'admin' user

As with Groups, there is a default user called "Admin" which you cannot delete or rename. This is another safety measure to ensure that you always have at least one user with permission to manage Users and Groups.

The default password for this user is "password", but it is recommended that you change this to something more secure, otherwise you are leaving your Vault database open to change by anyone who knows the default password.

Changing existing Users

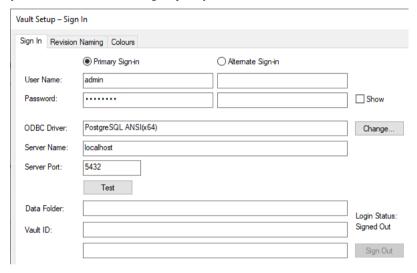
The settings for an existing User can be changed by any User that has the permission "Alter Users and Groups". You can change any of the User's settings at any time, including their password and the Group to which they belong.

Those changes will apply almost immediately, as the application will only stay connected to the Vault for as long as is needed to carry out each action. For example, if you alter the Group to which a User

belongs, the Permissions for that Group will be applied the very next time the application connects to the Vault.

Primary and Alternate Sign-in

There are two sets of sign-in controls on the Sign In page, labelled as "Primary" and "Alternate". You may not need to use the Alternate Sign-in, but some users may find it useful if they need to work under two different roles. In that situation you can set up a different User under the Alternate sign-in, then all you need do is visit this dialog to quickly switch from one to the other.



Recovering lost passwords

The actual passwords are not stored in the Vault database, only a one-way encrypted copy of the password. This is compared with the password you supply when signing in, using the same one-way encryption.

This means that if a User forgets their password then you cannot find out what that password is, instead you need to reset their password to a known value. Any User belonging to a Group with permission to 'Alter users and groups' can overwrite the password of any User.

Revision Naming

Choosing a Revision Naming Scheme

Before you start publishing data to your Vault, you should set up a Revision Naming Scheme. A default scheme is supplied with the initial database, but you can replace this with your own scheme if the built-in one does not suit your requirements.

Adding or changing Revision Naming Schemes

Naming Schemes are managed using the Revision Naming page of the Vault Setup dialog. Access to this page is only available to a User with the permission to view or alter revision formats. The options available for defining a naming scheme include numeric and alphabetic values, defined start points and step, and 'width' of field, offering a great deal of flexibility in specifying how revision names are to be created.

Vault Setup - Revision Naming Sign In Users Groups Revision Naming Attributes Options Colours Version Naming Schemes Add Default Revision Scheme Copy Default Revision Scheme Name: Save Changes Description: Discard Changes ✓ Level 2 Level 3 Prefix: Numeric Value: Numeric v Width: Start & Step: Examples 1.0, 1.1, 2.0 Default Schemes Use these settings to define how revision names are applied to each type of item Designs: Library Content: Default: Default Revision Scheme

Up to three levels of numbering can be defined for a naming scheme, and if required you can apply a different scheme to the two types of Vault content (designs and library data).

Attributes

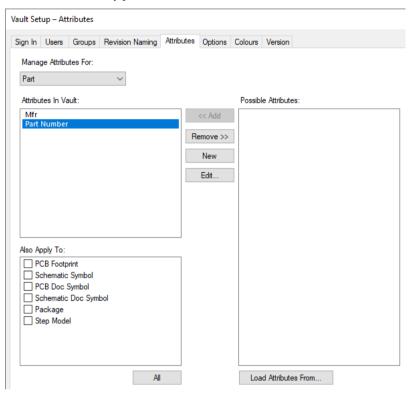
Within the database, different types of items are stored in their own tables, with fields in those tables that are appropriate for the type of item. All of them will have a Name field for example, but some fields are only present for some types of item. A Part for example has fields for Description and Part Family.

The fields defined for a type of item will control what is available to you when using the Search dialog and in other places where field names have to be chosen.

You can further customise the table definitions by adding Attribute fields. These will be populated with values from the defined attributes as items are published to the Vault. You could for example add a field "Mfr" to the Part table, which will then be populated with Mfr attribute values as parts are checked into the Vault.

How to set up Attributes

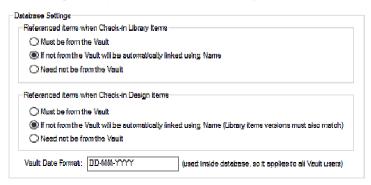
Custom attributes are set up using the **Attributes** page of the Vault Setup dialog. As with other setup features, access is controlled by permissions.



Options

Database Settings

These settings are in the database, and you can only alter them if your sign-in user has permission to do so. As the title implies, they affect all database users, not just the user currently signed in.



Referenced Items

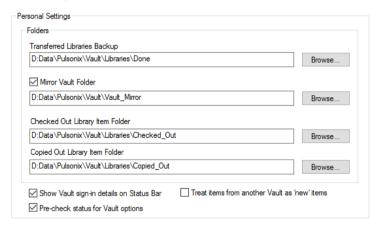
The two sets of radio buttons for determining how item cross-referencing works are explained below in the section covering migrating data into the Vault.

Date Format

The Vault Date Format is also a database setting, because this setting is used inside the database itself to carry out sorting and conversion of time- and date-related values.

Personal Settings

Again as the title implies, these are settings that only affect your own system.



Folder Settings

Setting up these folders to appropriate values will help you to keep your data organised when interacting with the Vault.

The folder for 'Transferred Libraries Backup' is used when migrating library data into the Vault. To assist you in separating data already migrated from that which has yet to be migrated, completed library files are moved aside to the folder designated here so that those libraries are no longer looked at by the application when doing things like filling in lists of library items.

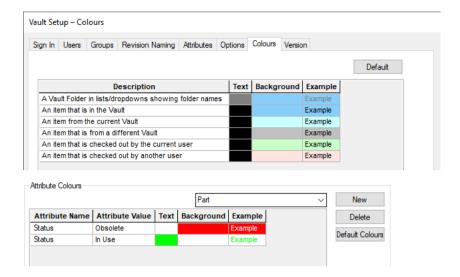
To help keep your 'local' working copies of Vault data organised, it is recommended that you check the 'Mirror Vault Folder' box and enter a suitable folder name. This folder name will be used to construct a suitable location for file-based items retrieved from the Vault.

For example, if you have a PCB design in your Vault in a folder called "\Vault\Designs\Project6", and your Mirror folder is "C:\Work\VaultMirror", when you Check Out that design it will be copied into the local folder "C:\Work\VaultMirror\Designs\Project6" for you to work on it.

Similarly for working with library data, there are folders for checked-out and copied-out items. These folders are not optional, you need to set them up before the application will allow you to check or copy out library items, because it has to make sure that the folders you choose here is included in the search order for libraries so that the local items are 'visible' to all the normal application commands.

Colours

These are personal settings that you can alter to suit your preference for how Vault-related items and Attributes are displayed or highlighted in the user interface.



Folders

In common with the normal Windows file system, the Vault also uses a system of 'virtual folders' to help you organise your data and present it in an easily understandable way.

Each item in the Vault can be assigned to a folder. There are no restrictions on what types of item can be assigned to a particular folder, although it may help you to choose sensible folder names to contain certain types of item.

In any place in the user interface where you are presented with a particular type of item, you will see all items of that type regardless of the folder in which you have placed them. For example in the dropdown list of Parts in the Insert Component dialog, you will see all Part items in the Vault, not just those under a folder you may have called "Parts".

Folders are presented in the user interface in two different ways. On the Vault Manager Browser they are displayed in the familiar 'tree' view you are used to seeing in Windows Explorer. In places such as Library Manager they will appear like library names.

Wherever the Vault Folder tree view is displayed, depending on your Permissions you may find some options on your right-click context menu, allowing you to manage the folders.

Folder Names

Folders can be given any name you wish, the only exception being that you cannot use characters that would not be allowed in a normal file or folder name. This is to allow 'matching' folders to be created in your file system when you check or copy items out of the Vault.

: / \ ? * The five special characters not allowed in Folder names are

Creating and renaming folders

Create a new folder using the New Folder command on the menu. Enter the name of the new folder and click OK. The folder will be created and added to your folder tree.

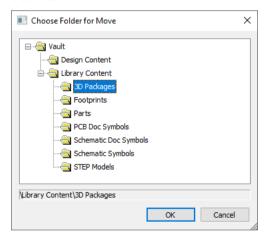


Similarly, to change the name of an existing folder, use the **Rename** command. Edit the name as required and click OK.



Moving folders

This option allows you to move a complete folder (and all its sub-folders) to a new location in the virtual folder tree.



Choose the folder into which you want to move the selected folder, or use the context menu option to create a new folder if the one you need is not already there.

Migrating Library Data into the Vault

Libraries-To-Vault is a page on the Vault Manager dialog, which is accessed from the File menu or from the Vault toolbar.

Before you start

Before starting to migrate your library data into the Vault, there are some choices you need to make. These have been mentioned earlier in the section covering the Options page of the Setup dialog, but are explained here in more detail.

Referenced Items when Check-in Design Items	
Must be from the Vault	
If not from the Vault will be automatically linked using Name (Library items versions must also match)	
Need not be from the Vault	

Some library items are 'self-contained', as they don't reference or 'point to' other items. This includes Footprints, Schematic Symbols, and in fact all types except Parts.

For Parts, they can contain references to Footprints, Schematic Symbols, and/or other Parts (as Associated Parts). In native libraries, these references work purely by name, so a Footprint in a Part is just a name, and that name is used to scan the available Footprint libraries to locate an item with that name. In order to get the most benefit from using the Vault for your library data, the references need to do more than that.

Referenced Items 'Must be from the Vault'

This is the 'strongest' rule. Choosing this option means that in order to check in a Part to the Vault, all items referenced by that Part must be from the Vault. That is, your Part must have been created or updated to point directly to Vault-based items for all its Footprints, Symbols and Associated Parts.

Use this option if you want to impose the strongest possible control on integrity of library data. Doing this will ensure that you know beforehand precisely which item and version is being used for everything that each Part needs.

Referenced Items 'Linked using Name'

This is the 'middle ground', allowing you a little more flexibility in how your Part data is configured before it can be successfully checked in.

With this option selected, any item referenced by a Part still needs to be in the Vault, but you do not have to 'preload' those items into the Part yourself using the Part Editor. Instead, as the Part is validated during the check-in process, any referenced item that does not have complete Vault information is looked up by name in the Vault.

As the items are matched up in this way, the relevant item and version identifiers are added to the references in the Part, so that once the check-in process is complete the Part is fully 'wired up' with proper references to explicit Vault-based items.

This allows you to take an existing native library Part and check it into the Vault without having to go through any editing process beforehand, as long as the items named do actually exist in the Vault. This of course means that you do need to check in your Footprints and Schematic Symbols before checking in any Parts that use them, something that the Library-To-Vault dialog will help you with.

Referenced Items 'Need not be from Vault'

This is the most 'relaxed' setting, allowing you to check in Parts without ensuring that referenced items exist in the Vault already. No checking or cross-referencing is done, the Parts are simply saved to the Vault as they are.

Selecting this option means you are using the Vault simply as a kind of 'file store', without the added benefits that the other options give you. You get no 'Where Used' or 'Refers To' capability, and no ability to check whether an item is used before allowing you to delete it from the Vault.

Item Names

To be compatible with how all the commands and dialogs in the application work, and to avoid ambiguity, the Vault will not allow you to store duplicate named items of any given type.

Using the 'Libraries to Vault' dialog

Libraries-To-Vault is a page on the Vault Manager dialog, which is accessed from the File menu or from the Vault toolbar.

Adding libraries

The first stage (after selecting the appropriate 'Referenced Items' option) is to choose the libraries that you want to migrate into the Vault. You can add all the libraries that exist in your library search order or add individual library files from elsewhere by browsing to them.

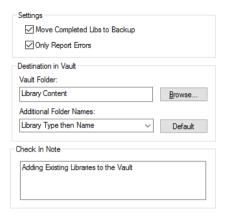
You can also choose design files as a source of library data. This may be useful in situations where you are trying to take library items such as Footprints from an old design file for which you no longer have the libraries, or perhaps from a design imported from another system.



Below this are some settings which you should review, to ensure that the data is arranged as you require when posted into the Vault.

To avoid confusion over which libraries have been processed and which haven't, it is generally advisable to keep the checkbox 'Move Completed Libraries to Backup' checked. Libraries are posted to the Vault in their entirety, and only moved to backup once the whole library has been successfully checked in. Once check in is completed for a library, your Vault will become the source for that library data and having the original library file still in place in its original folder may only lead to confusion.

You can also choose how the Vault virtual folder name is composed, and enter a suitable comment to annotate the audit trail items that record the addition of each item to the Vault.



Once you have made your choices, you are ready to begin processing the data. The Check button will run through all the library data and check that it is 'suitable' for checking in. Depending on which 'Referenced Items' radio button is currently selected, checking will look for things like the referenced items being present, correct library versions, etc. Any issues are listed in the box below the Check button, and also in the report that will open when checking is complete.

You can also choose which types of library data to process, either an individual type or the special entry 'All Library Types' which will instruct the application to process them in sequence, finishing with Parts as those are the only types of library item that reference other types.



Using both Libraries and Vault

Although the Vault is used to manage library items, you would still use 'native' Pulsonix libraries to store local or development data, and only migrate that data to the Vault when it is ready to be published.

For items that reference other items (such as Parts or Designs), depending on the settings in the Options dialog, checking in those items may insist that any referenced items have come from the Vault rather than from 'local' libraries.

Shared master libraries

If you are working in an organisation that has shared master libraries, then those libraries only need to be migrated into the Vault once. Having successfully completed that migration process, each Pulsonix user should then remove the master library folder(s) from their library folder search order, so that they can switch across to access the master data from the Vault instead of the shared native libraries.

Migrating Design Data into the Vault

Designs-To-Vault is a page on the Vault Manager dialog, which is accessed from the File menu or from the Vault toolbar.

Before you start

Design items includes actual PCB and Schematic design files, as well as file-based items such as PCB and Schematic Technology Files and Profiles, and PCB Panels.

As with library data, there are choices available for how rigorous the references between items are enforced when checking them in.

Referenced Items when Check-in Design Items
National Control of the Control of t
Must be from the Vault
If not from the Vault will be automatically linked using Name (Library items versions must also match)
Need not be from the Vault

Referenced Items 'Must be from the Vault'

This is the 'strongest' rule. Choosing this option means that in order to check in a file to the Vault, all items referenced by that file must be from the Vault. This means all referenced items, including Technology file, Profile, Parts, Footprints, etc.

Use this option if you want to impose the strongest possible control on integrity of design data. Doing this will ensure that you know beforehand precisely which item and version is being used for everything that each file needs.

Referenced Items 'Linked using Name'

This is the 'middle ground', allowing you a little more flexibility in how your design data is configured before it can be successfully checked in.

With this option selected, any item referenced by a file still needs to be in the Vault, but you do not have to 'preload' those items into the file yourself using the Part Editor. Instead, as the design file is validated during the check-in process, any referenced item that does not have complete Vault information is looked up by name in the Vault.

To avoid accidental link-up to the wrong item simply because the names match, the application does insist that library item versions match as well. Each library item (Footprint, Symbol, etc.) in a design has a timestamp inside it, the timestamp that is updated as a library item is saved to the library file. When the design is checked into the Vault, it compares both name and library version to ensure that the right library item has been found.

As the items are matched up in this way, the relevant item and version identifiers are added to the references in the design, so that once the check-in process for the design is complete it is fully 'wired up' with proper references to explicit Vault-based items.

This allows you to take an existing design and check it into the Vault without having to go through any editing process beforehand, as long as the items named do actually exist in the Vault, and they are the correct version.

Referenced Items 'Need not be from Vault'

This is the most 'relaxed' setting, allowing you to check in design files without ensuring that referenced items exist in the Vault already. No checking or cross-referencing is done, the files are simply saved to the Vault as they are.

Selecting this option means you are using the Vault simply as a kind of 'file store', without the added benefits that the other options give you. You get no 'Where Used' or 'Refers To' capability, and no ability to check whether an item is used before allowing you to delete it from the Vault.

Understanding and managing your Vault contents

The Vault Manager dialog

This dialog is accessed from the File menu or the Vault toolbar. It is the main interface between Pulsonix and the connected Vault. From here you can browse the Vault contents, examine the revision history of items, search for items, and carry out other management tasks.

Browser Page

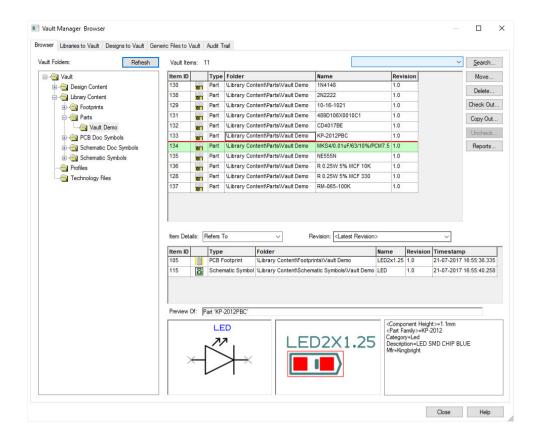
The Browser page is where you can carry out many of the management tasks relating to your Vault. At the left-hand side is the folder tree, showing the Vault virtual folders that have been defined.

To the right are two grids and a preview area. The upper grid will display the items found in the selected folder, those resulting from using a search, or those found by choosing one of the actions available on items in the lower grid.

The lower grid shows information depending on which of the three modes you select.

For Audit Trail, you will see all the Audit Trail records relating to the item selected in the upper grid. Thus in the picture below you can see that a part is selected in the upper grid, and its Audit Trail records displayed below.

You can also select the mode 'Where Used', which will list all the places where the item selected in the upper grid is used. This allows you for example to quickly locate all the Parts and Designs that use a particular Footprint. Alternatively, the 'Refers To' mode shows all the items referenced by the selected item, for example you can list all the Parts, Footprints and other items used by a Design.

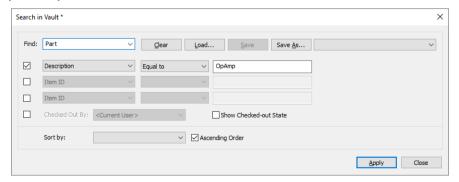


Search

At the top right of the Browser dialog is a Search button, which opens the Search dialog. Here you can find a set of controls that provide you with the tools to search across the whole Vault for the information you require.

For each type of Vault item you can match up to three fields, and for each type of item or all types you can search on the checked-out status.

There are also controls along the top of the dialog that allow you to load and save searches to file so that they are easily accessible.



Alongside the Search button on the main Browser page is a drop-down list. That list will show the names of all the Vault search files currently found in the folder you last used to save a Search file. This allows you to quickly access your favourite searches without having to return to the Search dialog each time.

Audit Trail

The final page on the Manager dialog is the Audit Trail, where (if your permissions allow) you can examine the audit trail which records all activity in the Vault.

Here you will see the Audit Trail records listed, and controls to allow you to filter the display by various parameters including User name and action type.

Note that the Audit Trail can grow quite large so it is not advisable to uncheck the Filter button and try to display the entire Audit Trail in one go.

Reports

Reports can be generated containing Vault information using the Report Maker. Some items (components, symbols, etc.) can report their Vault properties such as item ID or revision name, and it is also possible to iterate through a list of Vault items and report things such as their checked-out state and related Audit Trail records.

Deleting items from the Vault

Items can be deleted from the Vault, but on certain conditions.

The Delete command will only be available to Users belonging to a Group with Delete permissions for the type(s) of item selected.

In addition, if an item is cross-referenced from another item then it cannot be deleted. For example a Footprint that is used by a Part or a Design cannot be removed.

It is also possible to delete a specific version of an item, by right-clicking on the relevant row showing that version in the Audit Trail view of the details grid in the Browser.

Using Vault-based data in your application

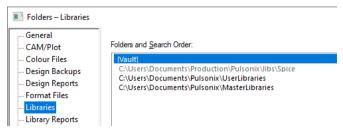
Once data (library data and file-based data) is in the Vault, it is accessible within Pulsonix in much the same way as native data. In the Insert Component dialog for example, Vault-based Parts are listed for you to use in the same way as those from your native libraries. Some colour-coding and other alterations in the way they are presented will help you to distinguish between Vault and native items where you need to, without getting in the way of normal usage.

Library Search Order

In the **Folders** page of **Library Manager**, or the **Libraries** page of the **Folders** dialog, you will see that there is a special entry in the folder list called **[Vault]**. This is the placeholder for all Vault-based library data, and is automatically included in your folder list to allow you to set the order of precedence for how library data is 'discovered' for things like filling in the list of Parts in Insert Component.

The library item folder you chose on the **Options** page of the **Vault Setup** dialog should be placed above the Vault pseudo-folder entry, so that when you check out an item from the Vault the application commands will 'see' that local copy first in preference to the one in the Vault.

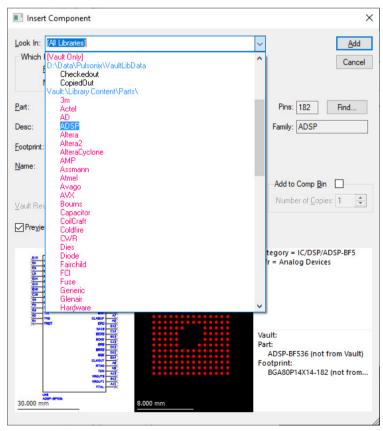
All your other libraries should probably be positioned below the Vault, so that you know you are using published Vault data wherever possible, and only referring to locally-stored items for things you have checked out or those you are still developing and have yet to be published to the Vault.

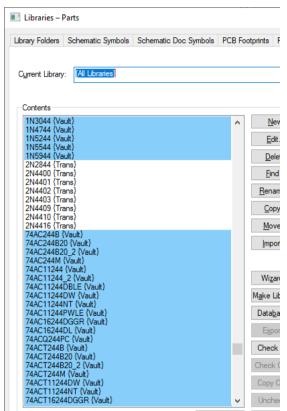


Parts, Footprints and other library items

Wherever you would normally expect to access library items, your Vault-based library items will also be included. Each Vault virtual folder which contains the required type of library item will be displayed as if it was a library, allowing you to easily browse through the available data quickly and easily.

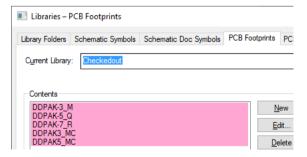
For example, here in **Insert Component** you can see each **Vault** folder that contains Parts is drawn in the colour we happen to have chosen for Vault folders. This helps you to distinguish Vault-based items from those you may have in native library files:





Similarly, here in Library Manager you can easily see the Vault-based parts:

If instead you select a library into which you have checked-out the items you need to edit, these will be displayed clearly in their own colour. In this example, you can see the bright pink items that indicate that these are from the Vault but not currently *in* the Vault. This is an important distinction to make:



Technology and Profile files

Technology and Profile files will be presented in the same kind of way, such as here on the File New dialog:



Schematic Blocks

Schematic Blocks from the Vault will appear in drop-down lists in dialogs such as **Insert Block** Instance.

PCB items for Panels

When using PCB design items in a Panel, the situation is not quite as straightforward. Once you insert other types of item such as Blocks and Parts into a design they are copied into the design, making the design completely self-contained. The items still retain their item ID and vault version so they know precisely which Vault items they are, but the design does not need to refer back to the Vault to get information about those items.

However, panels only contain references to the PCB items that have been inserted, rather than complete copies of those designs. This means that whenever a command is invoked that needs to access the PCB design data, those actual PCB designs need to be opened in the application for the data to be available.

When a PCB item is added from the Vault to a panel, its item ID and version are retained as for other types of item. When the application needs to access the PCB design, it uses that Vault information to locate the PCB design file and open it. While all your PCB designs are in the Vault, the source location for that PCB is clear and unambiguous, it is the Vault. However, if you check or copy out a PCB design to your own file system, the application may access that design instead.

To do this, it will look for a matching design that is in the same relative place within the folder defined as your 'Mirror Vault Folder' location, using the Vault virtual folder as the place to look. For example, if you have a PCB design in your Vault in a folder called \Vault\Designs\Project6, and your Mirror folder is C:\Work\VaultMirror, the application will look for the design in the local folder C:\Work\VaultMirror\Designs\Project6. This allows you to check out a PCB from the Vault, modify its contents, and then update your Panel with that copy of the PCB instead of the 'master' one from the Vault.

Reloading data and updating references

Part references to footprints, symbols and associated parts

Parts may include references to footprints, schematic symbols and/or associated parts. For a fully cross-referenced Part in the Vault, links between each version of the Part and the specific versions of those referenced items are maintained automatically.

When you have been editing a checked-out Footprint and decide to check it back into the Vault, to save you having to track down all the Parts that use that Footprint and refresh them to point to the new version of the Footprint, the application can do that for you.

Whenever you check in one or more library items, if those items are referenced by Parts, the **Update Cross References** dialog is displayed. This shows a list of the items that will be updated, allowing you to preview the effect of the checked-in items across the Parts in your Vault.

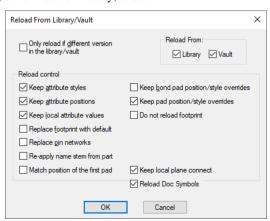


Allowing the dialog to update the cross-references for you is the exact equivalent of what would happen anyway with native library data. If you saved an edited footprint back to a native library, all Parts that reference that Footprint by name would automatically use that newly-saved Footprint. All that this dialog is doing is helping you to achieve the same thing with your Vault-based library data.

Design references to library items

To update a Design to use Vault library items, you need to use the 'Reload From Library' command exactly as you would do when updating your Design from native libraries. This allows you to manage the reload process in the same way, using the same range of options and switches, regardless of where the library data is being drawn from.

The **Reload From Library** dialog has been slightly extended to allow you to select your library data source, either Vault or Library, or both.



Vault Admin Tools

Admin tools

Admin tools to manage your Vault data are available as a separate installation package, as they would not be required by most users. Your data is still secure no matter who is running the Admin tools though, as the password for the Postgres administrator role is required in order to carry out any of its operations.

The Vault Admin tools are available as a dialog-based application, and a command-line program. The latter is useful if you want to run it as a scheduled task to take regular backups.

While the backup and restore processes are running, the Vault database is locked down so that it cannot be modified in the middle of backup or restore. This means that for the duration of the backup or restore process, Pulsonix applications will not be able to access the Vault data.

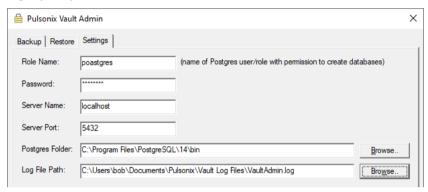
Installation

The admin tools are installed by the same installer you ran to prepare your database server. Simply use the installed program shortcut from the Windows Start menu and Pulsonix, or navigate to the folder where you installed the admin tools and run the VaultAdmin application.

Vault Admin application

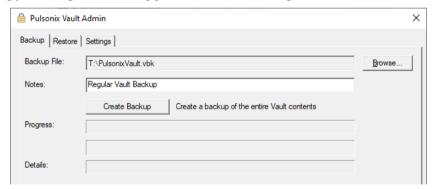
Settings

The **Settings** page contains the details of your Postgres database, and the location of the log file to which information about each backup and restore action are added. These settings are stored in the system Registry ready for next time.



Backup

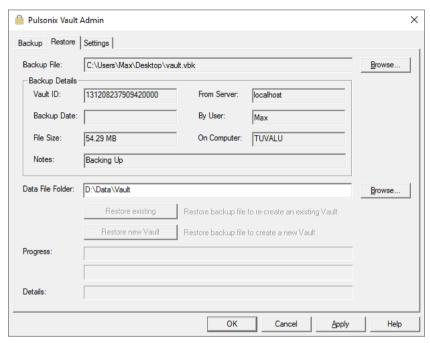
On the **Backup** page, choose a location and name for your Backup file. The Notes field is optional, and is included in the header of the backup file to be displayed at the beginning of the Restore process. Click the Create Backup button to begin the process. Messages are displayed on the dialog showing you the stages of the backup process, and how far it has got.



Once the first few data files have been collected, the application will calculate an estimate of the remaining time and display this on the dialog too.

Restore

Restoring a backup is as simple as browsing to the backup file and selecting it, then clicking one of the two Restore buttons.



Restore existing – this will replace your current Vault contents with those contained in the backup. You do not have to have a Vault database prepared, one will be created from scratch as part of the Restore process, but you do need to have the Postgres database server installed and running. Use this option for normal restore of your existing working Vault.

Restore new Vault – this works in exactly the same way as Restore existing, creating a database if one is not already there and filling it with the contents of the backup. The difference is that the resulting database will be marked with a brand new Vault ID so that items retrieved from this Vault will not be interchangeable with those from the original Vault. You would use this option if you wanted to create a Vault for someone else and populate it with your contents so they have some data to start from.

Important: do not use 'Restore existing' to create a clone of your current Vault on a separate server and then work with both Vaults. They will both have the same Vault ID so items from each Vault will look like they come from the same Vault, but each Vault will know nothing about the other one so there will be no coordination of item IDs, revision numbers, etc. It is important to treat a Vault as a unique entity and only run one copy of a particular Vault.

VAdmin command-line program

As well as the dialog-based admin tool, you can also use a command-line version. This can perform the same tasks as the dialog version, but it is driven from the command line and so is more use for things like scheduled backups using scripts or batch files.

Commands and options for this program are shown below. This information can also be retrieved by running "vadmin –help".

Usage:

vadmin <Action> [<File>] [<Credentials>] [-m <MessageTo>] [-l <LogPath>] [-p <PortNumber>] [-s <Server>] [-x <ExePath>] [-n <Notes>]

Where:

<Action> = b[ackup] | r[estore] | c[lone] | i[nstall] | v[iew] | h[elp]

backup = Back up database and attached files to the specified output path.

restore = Restore a database backup from the specified path to recreate an existing vault.

clone = Restore a database backup from the specified path to make a new separate Vault.

install = Install settings in system Registry for future use.

view = Show installed settings from system Registry (except password).

help = This help message.

<MessageTo> = Where to output messages (C=console, L=log file, N=none) <LogPath> = Fully qualified path to log file where messages are to be appended.

 $\langle File \rangle = -f \langle Path \rangle$

<Path> = Fully qualified path to backup file <Credentials> = -u <UserName> -w <Password>

<UserName> = PostgreSQL role/user with permission to administer the database.

<Password> = The password for this role/user.

<Server> = Computer name of database server (default localhost).

<PortNumber> = Numeric port number for accessing database server (default 5432).

<ExePath> = fully qualified path to PostgreSQL executable programs. <Notes> = optional notes or comments to be saved with the backup.

The following settings can be supplied on the command line, or will be taken from the values that have already been prepared on this system using the 'install' command:

<UserName>

<Password>

<Server>

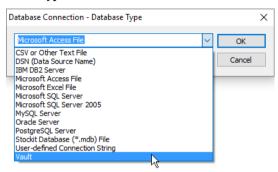
<PortNumber>

<ExePath>

Vault and Database Connection (PDC) option

There is integration between the Pulsonix Database Connection (PDC) and the Pulsonix Vault.

An additional PDC connection type of Vault is available on the Database Connection Setup page and Database Type:



When this is selected no other PDC connection details need be provided as those from the Vault **Setup** are automatically used.

For a Vault PDC, much of the field mapping functionality in the PDC Setup is no longer editable as the field names shown represent information already built-in to a library part and not additional attributes that can be added to it like with a conventional PDC setup.

A Vault PDC allows full parametric search capabilities to be applied directly to all parts stored in a Pulsonix Vault.

The Insert Component option will add to a design, a component using the chosen Vault Part irrespective of other Pulsonix libraries and the library search path.

The use of PDC from within **Change Part** is also supported for the **Vault PDC**.